

Standard Moroccan Berber

Standard Moroccan Berber, also known as standard **Amazigh** or **Tamazight**, is an ongoing project to create a standardized national Moroccan variety of Berber. It was established in accordance with Article 5 of the 2011 amendments to the Moroccan Constitution.^[2]

Standard Amazigh was created by combining the three major Moroccan Berber languages (Shilha or *Tashelhiyt*, Central Atlas Tamazight and Riffian or *Tarifit*), with an emphasis on Shilha. The creation of this standard made all the Berber languages of Morocco 'substandard'; no-one speaks Standard Amazigh natively and it must be learned in school. At the same time, a new script was created, Neo-Tifinagh, based on the traditional Tifinagh script but augmented with letters for vowels and additional letters for consonants.^[3]

See also

- 2011 Moroccan constitutional referendum

References

1. Hammarström, Harald; Forkel, Robert; Haspelmath, Martin, eds. (2017). "Standard Moroccan Tamazight" (<http://glottolog.org/resource/linguoid/id/stan1324>). *Glottolog 3.0*. Jena, Germany: Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History.

2. "La Constitution - Promulgation" (https://web.archive.org/web/20131102041635/http://www.sgg.gov.ma/BO/bulletin/FR/2011/BO_5964-Bis_Fr.pdf) (PDF). *Bulletin Officiel* (in French): 1901–1928. 2011-07-30. ISSN 0851-1217 (<https://www.worldcat.org/issn/0851-1217>). OCLC 693771745 (<https://www.worldcat.org/oclc/693771745>). Archived from the original (http://www.sgg.gov.ma/BO/bulletin/FR/2011/BO_5964-Bis_Fr.pdf) (PDF) on 2013-11-02. "Il est créé un Conseil national des langues de la culture marocaine, chargé notamment de la protection et du développement des langues arabe et amazighe et des diverses expressions culturelles marocaines, qui constituent un patrimoine authentique et une source d'inspiration contemporaine.[...] A National Council of languages of Moroccan culture is created, responsible primarily for the protection and development of Arabic and Amazigh languages and diverse Moroccan cultural expressions, which are an authentic heritage and a source of contemporary inspiration."

Standard Moroccan Amazigh	
Standard Moroccan Tamazight	
ⵜⴰⴳⴷⵓⴷⴰⵢⵜ ⵜⴰⵎⴻⴷⴰⵢⵜ tamaziɣt tanawayt	
Native to	Morocco
Native speakers	None
Language family	Afro-Asiatic <ul style="list-style-type: none">Berber<ul style="list-style-type: none">Northern<ul style="list-style-type: none">Standard Moroccan Amazigh
Writing system	Neo-Tifinagh, Berber Latin alphabet
Official status	
Official language in	 Morocco
Regulated by	Royal Institute of Amazigh Culture
Language codes	
ISO 639-2	zgh (https://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/php/langcodes_name.php?code_ID=514)
ISO 639-3	zgh
Glottolog	stan1324 (http://glottolog.org/resource/linguoid/id/stan1324) ^[1]
Person	Amaziɣ (male) <div>Tamaziɣt (female)</div>
People	Imaziɣn (male or mixed gender) <div>Timaziɣin (female)</div>

3. Jas Blommaert (2011), 'Small print: reflections on multilingual literacies in the global south.' *Compare: A Journal of Comparative and International Education*, 41 (2), p. 296.

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Standard_Moroccan_Berber&oldid=966301414"

This page was last edited on 6 July 2020, at 09:26 (UTC).

Text is available under the [Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License](#); additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the [Terms of Use](#) and [Privacy Policy](#). Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the [Wikimedia Foundation, Inc.](#), a non-profit organization.